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Section on Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine

ARTICLES OF INTEREST – October, 2023

Spontaneous resolution of post-hemorrhagic ventricular dilatation in preterm newborns and neurodevelopment
Emilie Groulx-Boivin, Mariane Paquette, May Khairy, et al. *Pediatr Res.*

This multi-center retrospective cohort study included newborns born at ≤34 weeks with PHVD and evaluated the temporal evolution of post-hemorrhagic ventricular dilatation (PHVD). The newborns were divided into three groups: (Group 1) spontaneous resolution of PHVD, (Group 2) persistent PHVD without neurosurgical intervention, and (Group 3) progressive PHVD receiving neurosurgical intervention. Of 88 survivors with PHVD, 39% had a spontaneous resolution, 17% had persistent PHVD without intervention, and 44% had progressive PHVD receiving intervention. The median time between PHVD diagnosis and spontaneous resolution was 14.0 days (IQR 6.8-32.3) and between PHVD diagnosis and first neurosurgical intervention was 12.0 days (IQR 7.0-22.0). Group 1 had reduced severe NDI compared to Group 3 (15% vs 66%; $p < 0.001$).

Brain injury and long-term outcome after neonatal surgery for non-cardiac congenital anomalies
Mark Aalten, Maria Luisa Tataranno, Jeroen Dudink, et al. *Pediatr Res.*

This article included three studies of 197 infants who underwent neonatal surgery for non-cardiac congenital anomalies (NCCAs) and evaluated brain injury and maturation abnormalities seen on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) and its associations with neurodevelopment in neonates. The authors found that brain injury was found in n = 120 (50%) patients after NCCA surgery. Sixty (30%) were diagnosed with white matter injury. Cortical folding was delayed in the majority of cases. Brain injury and delayed brain maturation was associated with a decrease in neurodevelopmental outcome at 2 years of age.

National, regional, and global estimates of preterm birth in 2020, with trends from 2010: a systematic analysis
Eric O Ohuma, Ann-Beth Moller, Ellen Bradley, et al. *Lancet.*

Preterm birth is the leading cause of neonatal mortality and is associated with long-term physical, neurodevelopmental, and socioeconomic effects. This study updated national preterm birth rates and trends, plus novel estimates by gestational age subgroups, to inform progress towards global health goals and targets, and aimed to update country, regional, and global estimates of preterm birth for 2020 in addition to trends between 2010 and 2020. An estimated 13.4 million newborn babies were born preterm (<37 weeks) in 2020 (9.9% of all births) compared with 13.8 million in 2010 (9.8% of all births) worldwide. There has been no measurable change in preterm birth rates over the last decade at a global level. Despite increasing facility birth rates and substantial focus on routine health data systems, there remain many missed opportunities to improve preterm birth data.

Safety and efficacy of ceftaroline in neonates with staphylococcal late-onset sepsis: a case series analysis
Arnaud Callies, Lise Martin-Perceval, Lise Crémet, et al. *Pediatr Infect Dis J.*

Treatment of late-onset neonatal staphylococcal sepsis is sometimes challenging with feared side effects of vancomycin, increasing minimal inhibitory concentrations and questions about catheter management. In this case series ceftaroline was administered as a compassionate treatment in 16 infants (gestational age of less than 32 weeks and less than 28 postnatal days), whose first-line treatment failed. The authors report 11 successes and no severe adverse drug reactions. Larger data are required to confirm these encouraging results.

Generalizability of the necrotizing enterocolitis surgery trial to the target population of eligible infants
Matthew A Rysavy, Barry Eggleston, Issa J Dahabreh, et al. *J Pediatr.*

The Necrotizing Enterocolitis Surgery Trial assessed the difference in death or NDI at 18 to 22 months corrected age between initial laparotomy versus drainage in infants that birth weight ≤ 1,000 grams, age ≤8 weeks and 0 days, a decision to perform surgery for suspected NEC or Intestinal Perforation. Overall, there was no overall difference in death or NDI rates at 18 to 22 months corrected age between initial laparotomy versus drainage. The trial included 308 randomized infants. The target population included 382 (156 randomized and 226 eligible, non-randomized) infants. Compared with the target population, fewer randomized infants had necrotizing enterocolitis (31% vs 47%) or died before discharge (27% vs 41%). However, incidence of the primary composite outcome, death or neurodevelopmental impairment, was similar (69% vs 72%).

National trends in preterm infant mortality in the United States by race and socioeconomic status, 1995-2020
Tim Venkatesan, Philippa Rees, Julian Gardiner, et al. *JAMA Pediatr.*

This paper characterizes trends in preterm infant mortality by maternal race and socioeconomic status to assess how inequalities in preterm mortality rates have changed over time. This was a retrospective longitudinal descriptive study using the US National Center for Health Statistics birth infant/death data set for 12,256,303 preterm infant births over 26 years, between 1995 and 2020. The average US preterm infant mortality rate (IMR) decreased from 33.71 per 1000 preterm births per year between 1995-1997, to 23.32 between 2018-2020. Black non-Hispanic infants were more likely to die following preterm births than White non-Hispanic; however, once born, extremely prematurely Black and Hispanic infants had a narrow survival advantage. The rate of decrease in preterm IMR was higher in Black infants than in White and Hispanic infants; however, the relative risk of preterm IMR among Black infants compared with White infants remained the same between 1995-1997 vs 2018-2020. The rate of decrease in preterm IMR was higher in nonsmokers compared with smokers, in those with high levels of education compared with those with intermediate or low, and in those who had received adequate antenatal care compared with those who did not. Over time, the relative risk of preterm mortality widened within each of these subgroups. This study found that between 1995 and 2020, US preterm infant mortality improved among all categories of prematurity. Inequalities in preterm infant mortality based on maternal race and ethnicity have remained constant while socioeconomic disparities have widened over time.

Early glycemic state and outcomes of neonates with hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy
Ulrike Mietzsch, Thomas R Wood, Tai-Wei Wu, et al. *Pediatrics.*

This is a post hoc analysis of the High-dose Erythropoietin for Asphyxia and Encephalopathy trial assessing glycemic profiles in the first 12 hours after birth and their association with death or any NDI at 22 to 36 months in neonates with moderate/severe HIE undergoing therapeutic hypothermia. Hyperglycemia defined as blood glucose (BG) >200 mg/dL, hypoglycemia as BG <50 mg/dL, and euglycemia as 50 to 200 mg/dL. Hypoglycemic neonates had an increased aOR for both death and NDI, whereas hyperglycemic neonates had increased aOR for death, but not NDI.

Expressed breast milk and maternal expression of breast milk for the prevention and treatment of neonatal hypoglycemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis
Oluwatoyin Ibukun Oladimeji, Jane E Harding, Caroline A Crowther, et al. *Matern Health Neonatol Perinatol.*

This study assessed the impact of EBM and maternal expression of BM for the prevention and treatment of neonatal hypoglycemia. 10 studies were identified that met criteria from the 5 databases and 4 clinical trial registries reviewed. The effect of EBM on neonatal hypoglycemia was not estimable. Although there is limited data, there was no difference in the risk of hypoglycemia among neonates whose mothers expressed breast milk compared to those whose mothers did not [RR (95%CI); one RCT: 0.92 (0.77, 1.10), high-certainty evidence; one cohort: 1.10 (0.74, 1.39), poor quality study].

Effect of oral chondroitin sulfate supplementation on acute brain injury in a murine necrotizing enterocolitis model
Krishna Manohar, Fikir M Mesfin, Jianyun Liu, et al. *J Am Coll Surg.*

Chondroitin sulfate (CS) is a glycosaminoglycan (GAG) in human breast milk that is absent in conventional formulas. We hypothesized that oral formula supplementation with CS during a murine model of experimental NEC would not only attenuate intestinal injury, but also brain injury. NEC was induced in mouse pups on postnatal day (PND) 5-8. Three conditions were studied: (1) breastfed controls, (2) NEC, and (3) NEC+enteral CS (formula+200 mg/kg/d of CS). Compared to NEC, mice treated with oral CS showed improved clinical outcomes, decreased intestinal injury, and attenuated microglial activation and deleterious cortical change. Oral CS supplementation improved both physiological, clinical, and developmental outcomes. These data suggest that CS is a safe compound for formula supplementation for the prevention of NEC.

Perinatal azithromycin provides limited neuroprotection in an ovine model of neonatal hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy
Jana Krystofova Mike, Yasmine White, Rachel S Hutchings, et al. *Stroke.*

The authors studied the pharmacokinetics, safety, and efficacy of perinatal azithromycin administration in near-term lambs following global ischemic injury to support earlier treatment approaches. Ewes and their lambs of both sexes (n=34, 141-143 days) were randomly assigned to receive azithromycin or placebo before delivery as well as postnatally. Lambs were subjected to severe global hypoxia-ischemia utilizing an acute umbilical cord occlusion model. While maternal azithromycin exhibited relatively low placental transfer, azithromycin-treated lambs recovered spontaneous circulation faster following the initiation of cardiopulmonary resuscitation and were extubated sooner. Azithromycin administration resulted in a systemic immunomodulatory effect, demonstrated by reductions in proinflammatory IL-6 (interleukin-6) levels. Perinatal azithromycin administration enhances neonatal resuscitation, attenuates neuroinflammation, and supports limited improvement of select histological outcomes in an ovine model of hypoxic-ischemic brain injury/encephalopathy.

3-year follow-up of a prospective, multicenter study of the Amplatzer Piccolo™ Occluder for transcatheter patent ductus arteriosus closure in children ≥ 700 grams
Brian H Morray, Shyam K Sathanandam, Thomas Forbes, et al. *J Perinatol.*

Between June 2017 and February 2019, 200 children were enrolled in this U.S. study. PDA closure, survival, and device- or procedure-related events were evaluated. A total of 156 of the available 182 patients (86%) completed the study. The implant success rate was 95.5% (191/200). At 3 years, PDA closure was observed in 100% (33/33) of patients. Survival was >95% with 9 reported deaths. No deaths were adjudicated as device- or procedure-related. Notable events included aortic obstruction (2) requiring stent placement and tricuspid regurgitation (5), for which no interventions were required.

OTHER NOTEWORTHY PUBLICATIONS – October 2023

COVID-19
Safety and efficacy of ceftaroline in neonates with staphylococcal late-onset sepsis: a case series analysis
bacterial infections and clinical outcomes among febrile infants up to 90 days old with Sars-Cov-2 infection: a multicenter cohort study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37406214/

Pediatrics
Early glycemic state and outcomes of neonates with hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37655394/

Journal of Pediatrics
The mortality of congenital syphilis
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37536483
First three years' experience of mucopolysaccharidosis type-I newborn screening in California
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37516270
Neonatal thrombocytopenia: factors associated with the platelet count increment following platelet transfusion
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37572863
Who needs a second dose of exogenous surfactant?
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37271494
Ultrasonographic estimation of ventricular volume in infants born preterm with posthemorrhagic ventricular dilatation: a nested substudy of the randomized controlled early versus late ventricular intervention study (ELVIS) trial
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37353143
Grand rounds hyperbilirubinemia following phototherapy in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase-deficient neonates: not out of the woods
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37169338
Complicated cellulitis is an independent predictor for increased length of stay in the neonatal intensive care unit
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37353147
Etiology and mechanism of intermittent hypoxemia episodes in spontaneously breathing extremely premature infants
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37473988
Generalizability of the necrotizing enterocolitis surgery trial to the target population of eligible infants
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37169336
Severe congenital heart defects and cerebral palsy

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37473991
Outcomes of neonates with hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy treated with magnesium sulfate: a systematic review with meta-analysis
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37468038
The impact of intraventricular hemorrhage and periventricular leukomalacia on mortality and neurodevelopmental outcome in very preterm and very low birthweight infants: a prospective population-based cohort study
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37402440
Preterm infants off positive pressure respiratory support have a higher incidence of occult cerebral hypoxia
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37517651

Pediatric Research
Brain injury and long-term outcome after neonatal surgery for non-cardiac congenital anomalies
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37217607
Current SIDS research: time to resolve conflicting research hypotheses and collaborate
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37173404
Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on mother and child health in Sub-Saharan Africa – a review
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37202529
Parental cognitive stimulation in preterm-born children's neurocognitive functioning during the preschool years: a systematic review
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37231307
Acute kidney injury decreases pulmonary vascular growth and alveolarization in neonatal rat pups
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37138027
The hydrocortisone-responsive urinary metabolome of premature infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37138028
Molsidomine decreases hyperoxia-induced lung injury in neonatal rats
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37179436
FGF21 modulates hippocampal cold-shock proteins and CA2-subregion proteins in neonatal mice with hypoxia–ischemia
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37193753
Gene expression in the intestine of newborn piglets after hypoxia-reoxygenation
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37208432
Evaluation of heterogeneity in effect of therapeutic hypothermia by sex among infants with neonatal encephalopathy
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37012412
Bayley trajectories predict school readiness better than single assessments in formerly very preterm preschoolers
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37217606
Sustained lower bilirubin-binding affinity of albumin in extremely preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36528748
Preterm infants variability in cerebral near-infrared spectroscopy measurements in the first 72-h after birth
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37138026
Facial thermal response to non-painful stressor in premature and term neonates
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37161075
Spontaneous resolution of post-hemorrhagic ventricular dilatation in preterm newborns and neurodevelopment
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37179437
Plasma serotonergic biomarkers are associated with hypoxemia events in preterm neonates
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37188799
Hypoxemia events in preterm neonates are associated with urine oxidative biomarkers
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37188801

Biomarkers estimating baseline mortality risk for neonatal sepsis: nPERSEVERE: neonate-specific sepsis biomarker risk model
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36513805
Altered maturation in brainstem neural conduction in very premature babies with fetal growth restriction
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36966269
The preterm gut microbiota and administration routes of different probiotics: a randomized controlled trial
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37020105
Lipid profile after omega-3 supplementation in neonates with intrauterine growth retardation: a randomized controlled trial
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37202530
Early exposures and inherent factors in premature newborns are associated with type 1 diabetes
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35488031
Preceding risks and mortality outcomes of different neonatal acute kidney injury in preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37208430
Family reflections: prematurity and the power of parent involvement in research
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37460711

Archives of Disease in Childhood - Fetal & Neonatal Edition
No new content

Journal of Perinatology
Clarification of boundaries and scope of cardiac POCUS vs. Targeted Neonatal Echocardiography
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37391508/
Meconium aspiration syndrome: a comprehensive review
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37543651/
Preterm lung and brain responses to mechanical ventilation and corticosteroids
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37169913/
Acetaminophen for the patent ductus arteriosus: has safety been adequately demonstrated?
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37169914/
3-year follow-up of a prospective, multicenter study of the Amplatzer Piccolo™ Occluder for transcatheter patent ductus arteriosus closure in children ≥ 700 grams
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37587183/
Patent ductus arteriosus (PDA) and response to late surfactant treatment in premature infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37160976/
Prophylactic indomethacin, antenatal betamethasone, and the risk of intestinal perforation in infants <28 weeks' gestation
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36973384/
Neonatal performed echocardiography course: Can we face it?
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36739361/
The association between patterns of early respiratory disease and diastolic dysfunction in preterm infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36823313/
Use of vasopressors for septic shock in the neonatal intensive care unit
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37055478/
Novel scoring tool of hypoxemic respiratory failure and pulmonary hypertension for defining severity of persistent pulmonary hypertension of newborn
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37626160/
Cardiopulmonary physiological effects of diuretic therapy in preterm infants with chronic pulmonary hypertension
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37550529/

Assessment of pulmonary artery size at birth as a prognostic factor in congenital diaphragmatic hernia: results of a multicenter study in Japan
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37582931/
The Optimal State Scoring Tool: guidance for interdisciplinary care of infants with severe bronchopulmonary dysplasia and its relation to linear growth
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37185366/
Associations of neighborhood social vulnerability with emergency department visits and readmissions among infants with bronchopulmonary dysplasia
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37491473/
Approaches to evaluation of fluid balance and management of fluid overload in neonates among neonatologists: a Neonatal Kidney Collaborative survey
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37481631/
Severe maternal morbidity rates in a US-based electronic health record database, 2018–2022
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37640810/
Neonatal outcomes after vacuum-assisted cesarean delivery in a contemporary cohort
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37076736/
A quality improvement initiative for neonatal hypoglycemia screening and management in a level III neonatal intensive care unit
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37532760/
Retrospective consent for neonatal intubations. Going with the flow?
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37626159/

Neonatology
Deep medullary vein thrombosis in newborns: a systematic literature review
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37379822/
Heart rate characteristics monitoring for late-onset sepsis in preterm infants: a systematic review
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37379804/
Application of artificial intelligence in the early detection of retinopathy of prematurity: review of the literature
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37490881/
Effect of early erythropoietin on retinopathy of prematurity: a stratified meta-analysis
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37369177/
A meta-analysis of neurodevelopmental outcomes following intravitreal bevacizumab for the treatment of retinopathy of prematurity
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37487481/
Symptomatic postnatal cytomegalovirus infection in less than 32-week preterm infants: 13-year retrospective multicenter case-control study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37393900/
Fluctuations in oxygen saturation during synchronized nasal intermittent positive pressure ventilation and nasal high-frequency oscillatory ventilation in very low birth weight infants: a randomized crossover trial
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37393894/
Maternal, perinatal, and postnatal predisposing factors of hearing loss in full-term children: a matched case-control study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37321203/
The association of dexamethasone and hydrocortisone with cerebellar growth in premature infants
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37379806/
Heart rate changes following facemask placement in infants born at ≥32+0 weeks of gestation
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37531947/
Echocardiographic assessment of pulmonary arterial hypertension following inhaled nitric oxide in infants with severe bronchopulmonary dysplasia
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37573771/
Procalcitonin for detecting culture-positive sepsis in neonates: a prospective, multicenter study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37336195/
Learning-based longitudinal prediction models for mortality risk in very-low-birth-weight infants: a nationwide cohort study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37459839/
Neonatal thrombocytopenia as a presenting finding in de novo pyruvate kinase deficiency
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37473739/
How to control exposure to fifth-generation radiofrequencies in preterm newborns in incubator
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37343536/

American Journal of Perinatology
A retrospective review of social deprivation index and maternal outcomes with placenta accreta spectrum from a single referral center
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37364598
Lethality of birth defects in live born infants categorized by gestational age and birth weight
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34634830
Parent activation in the neonatal intensive care unit
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34638138
Evaluation of the congenital hypothyroidism detection strategy in extremely preterm infants in western Andalusia
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34464987
A survey of academic neonatologists on neonatal electrical cardioversion and defibrillation
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34448175
Early readmission following NICU discharges among a national sample: associated factors and spending
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34634829
Decreased cerebral oxygenation in premature infants with progressive posthemorrhagic ventricular dilatation may help with timing of intervention
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34674212
Lung volume head ratio: a potential parameter for prediction of respiratory distress in newborn
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34544167
Mildly elevated bilirubin levels are associated with increased magnetic resonance imaging signal intensity in the basal ganglia of preterm neonates
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34544169
A multistate decomposition analysis of cesarean rate variations, associated health outcomes, and financial implications in the United States
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34666396

Journal of Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine
No new content

Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology
Expressed breast milk and maternal expression of breast milk for the prevention and treatment of neonatal hypoglycemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37807052/

Neoreviews
Eyelid, orbital, and lacrimal disorders in the neonate
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777617/
Regional anesthesia for neonates
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777613/
Congenital neck masses
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777610/

Neonatal surgical procedures in the intensive care unit versus the operating room
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777611/
Newborn with polyuria and hydrocephalus
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777618/
Refractory hypoxemia and systemic hypertension managed with extracorporeal membrane oxygenation
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777612/
Declining rh(d) immune globulin during pregnancy
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777614/
Preterm infant with generalized crusted rash
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777616/
Prenatal diagnosis and postnatal management of a fetal pericardial mass
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37777619/JAMA Pediatrics

BMC Pediatrics
The Cohort of Indonesian Preterm Infants for Long-term Outcomes (CIPTO) study: a protocol
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/counter/pdf/10.1186/s12887-023-04263-z.pdf
Troponin I, CK-MB, and inotropic score in hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy and associated infant mortality
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/counter/pdf/10.1186/s12887-023-04311-8.pdf
Oropharyngeal administration of colostrum targeting gut microbiota and metabolites in very preterm infants: protocol for a multicenter randomized controlled trial
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/counter/pdf/10.1186/s12887-023-04346-x.pdf
Serial head circumference measurements should be used to classify congenital microcephaly
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/counter/pdf/10.1186/s12887-023-04315-4.pdf
Incidence and predictors of mortality among low birth weight neonates in the first week of life admitted to the neonatal intensive care unit in Northwestern Ethiopia comprehensive specialized hospitals, 2022. Multi-center institution-based retrospective follow-up study
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/counter/pdf/10.1186/s12887-023-04319-0.pdf
Communication in the neonatal ICU for Spanish speaking parents: a qualitative interview study
https://bmcpediatr.biomedcentral.com/counter/pdf/10.1186/s12887-023-04301-w.pdf

Pediatric Critical Care Medicine
No relevant articles

New England Journal of Medicine
Automated insulin delivery in women with pregnancy complicated by type 1 diabetes
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37796241/
Technology use and glycemic outcomes during pregnancy with type 1 diabetes
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37796238/

Lancet
National, regional, and global estimates of preterm birth in 2020, with trends from 2010: a systematic analysis
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37805217/
Home-based monitoring of ovulation to time frozen embryo transfers in the Netherlands (Antarctica-2): an open-label, nationwide, randomised, non-inferiority trial
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37678290/
Expanding access to breastmilk banks
https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)02395-4
Growing heart in congenital hypopituitarism treated in adulthood
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37898533/
The forgotten girls: the state of evidence for health interventions for pregnant adolescents and their newborns in low-income and middle-income countries

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37837988/

JAMA

Induced abortion and the risk of Rh sensitization
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37750879/
American pediatrics: a retrospect and a forecast
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37787804/
Early metformin in gestational diabetes: a randomized clinical trial
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37786390/

JAMA Pediatrics

National trends in preterm infant mortality in the united states by race and socioeconomic status, 1995-2020
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37669025

BMJ

UK perinatal mortality rates increased in 2021 for first time in seven years
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37722726/
Suboptimal gestational weight gain and neonatal outcomes in low and middle income countries: individual participant data meta-analysis
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37734757/
Maternal and neonatal trauma during forceps and vacuum delivery must not be overlooked
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37857419/
Management of epilepsy during pregnancy and lactation
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37684052/

Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal

Safety and efficacy of ceftaroline in neonates with staphylococcal late-onset sepsis: a case series analysis
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37463358/
Epidemiologic changes of neonatal early-onset sepsis after the implementation of universal maternal screening for group b streptococcus in Hong Kong
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37406223/
Etiology of bacterial sepsis and isolate resistance patterns in hospitalized neonates in Zambia
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37364138/
Clinical and epidemiologic characteristics of infants hospitalized with respiratory syncytial virus infection during the 2022–2023 season in Mexico
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37345924/
Neonatal salmonella meningitis with subdural empyema: a case report
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37310891/
A case of encephalitis following rotavirus vaccine in an infant
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37343213/

Pediatric Cardiology

Fetal pulmonary venous return: from basic research to the clinical value of doppler assessment
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37505268
Utility of screening fetal echocardiograms at a single institution following normal obstetric ultrasound in fetuses with Down syndrome
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37351603
Impact of prenatal diagnosis of critical congenital heart disease on preoperative and postoperative outcomes
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37289278

Pediatric Neurology

Utility of brain injury biomarkers in children with congenital heart disease undergoing cardiac surgery
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37657124
Improving methods of diagnosis and treatment of posthemorrhagic hydrocephalus in young children
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37625173
Perinatal stroke in a Chinese neonatal center: clinical characteristics, long-term outcomes, and prognostic factors
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37703655

Obstetrics and Gynecology

Strategies to promote maternal health equity: the role of perinatal quality collaboratives
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37678899/
Patient-led approaches to a vaginal birth after cesarean delivery calculator
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37734092/

American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology

Three-tiered fetal heart rate interpretation system and adverse neonatal and maternal outcomes: a systematic review and meta-analysis
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37044237
Cell-free DNA screening for trisomy 21 in twin pregnancy: a large multicenter cohort study
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37030426
A comparison of criteria for defining metabolic acidemia in live-born neonates and its effect on predicting serious adverse neonatal outcomes
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36972891
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https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37767605
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Hospital Pediatrics

Prevalence and predictors of early intervention referral among substance-exposed newborns
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Laypeople’s (mis)understanding of common medical acronyms
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BASIC SCIENCE SELECTIONS

Adipose stem cells derived exosomes alleviate bronchopulmonary dysplasia and regulate autophagy in neonatal rats
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37817518
A predictive model for preterm infants with bronchopulmonary dysplasia based on ferroptosis-related lncRNAs
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37784105
CircABPD1 alleviates oxidative lung injury of bronchopulmonary dysplasia through regulating miR-330-3p/HIF1alpha axis

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Superior performance of biofilm versus planktonic Limosilactobacillus reuteri in protection of the intestines and brain in a piglet model of necrotizing enterocolitis
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Effect of oral chondroitin sulfate supplementation on acute brain injury in a murine necrotizing enterocolitis model
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Protective Effect of the SIRT1-Mediated NF-kappaB Signaling Pathway against Necrotizing Enterocolitis in Neonatal Mice
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Perinatal azithromycin provides limited neuroprotection in an ovine model of neonatal hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy
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Long-term effect of indomethacin on a rat model of neonatal hypoxia ischemic encephalopathy through behavioral tests
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ADDITIONAL JOURNAL SELECTIONS
Microbial signatures in amniotic fluid at preterm birth and association with bronchopulmonary dysplasia
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37845700
Impact of postnatal dexamethasone timing on preterm mortality and bronchopulmonary dysplasia: a propensity score analysis
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https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37100685
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https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37806836
Safety and efficacy of therapeutic hypothermia in neonates with mild hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37884911
Troponin I, CK-MB, and inotropic score in hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy and associated infant mortality
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/37845609
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Early hyperglycemia is associated with increased incidence of severe retinopathy of prematurity in extremely low birth weight infants
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Efficacy comparison of anti-vascular endothelial growth factor drugs for the treatment of type 1 retinopathy of prematurity: A network meta-analysis of randomised controlled trials
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Early readmission of exclusively breastmilk-fed infants born by means of normal birth or cesarean is multifactorial and associated with perinatal maternal mental health concerns
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