

## Table 5.

Drug	Teratogenic	Fetal Effects	Breastfeeding
<b>Inotropic Agents</b>			
Dopamine	No	No adverse fetal effects	Probably compatible, may inhibit prolactin release
Dobutamine	No	No adverse fetal effects	Probably compatible
Epinephrine	No	No adverse fetal effects when used acutely	Probably compatible
<b>Vasodilators</b>			
Nitroprusside	No	Potential for fetal cyanide toxicity with high doses	Possibly hazardous
Hydralazine	No	Relatively safe for the fetus	Probably compatible
Nitroglycerin	No	No adverse fetal effects	Possibly hazardous
Ephedrine sulfate	No	Observe for risks of methemoglobinemia No adverse fetal effects when used acutely	Possibly hazardous with chronic use
<b>Angiotensin Converting Enzyme Inhibitors and Angiotensin Receptor Blockers</b>			
	Yes	Contraindicated Associated with fetal renal failure, growth restriction, malformations and death	Probably compatible No published information
<b>Beta-blockers</b>			
Propranolol	No	May increase risk of growth restriction	Probably compatible
Labetalol	No	No adverse fetal effects	Probably compatible
Atenolol	No	May increase risk of growth restriction	Probably compatible Limited information
Metoprolol	No	May increase risk of growth restriction	Probably compatible
Esmolol	No	May cause beta blockage in fetus	Probably compatible No published information
Carvedilol	Limited Information	May increase risk of growth restriction	Probably compatible No published information
<b>Calcium Channel Blockers</b>			
Verapamil	No	No adverse fetal effects	Probably compatible
Nifedipine	No	No adverse fetal effects	Probably compatible
Diltiazem	No	No adverse fetal effects	Probably compatible Limited information
Amlodipine	No	No adverse fetal effects Limited human information, animal data suggest risk	Probably compatible Limited information
<b>Antiarrhythmic Agents</b>			
Lidocaine	No	No adverse fetal effects	Probably compatible
Procainamide	No	Limited human information	Probably compatible Limited information
Phenytoin	Limited human information Yes	Potential for early hemorrhagic disease of the newborn	Probably compatible

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Cardiac Medications With Potential Pregnancy and Lactation Influence