# **Atopic Dermatitis Treatment Tool**

This interactive treatment tool is designed to support clinicians when treating atopic dermatitis. This dynamic tool contains treatment strategies addressing the following 4 aspects of the disease simultaneously:

- Moisturizing the skin
- Reducing itch
- Treating inflammation

Preventing and managing skin infections

## Initial treatment and maintenance therapy

Emollient (daily) + Avoid triggers + Address pruritus

## Treating flares in patients with mild atopic dermatitis

Emollient (daily) + Avoid triggers + Address pruritus

- + 1 or more of the following:
- Topical corticosteroid (TCS)
- Topical calcineurin inhibitor (TCI)

# Treating patients with moderate atopic dermatitis

Emollient (daily) + Avoid triggers + Address pruritus

- + 1 or more of the following:
  - Topical corticosteroid (TCS)
  - Topical calcineurin inhibitor (TCI)
- + 1 or more of the following:
  - Wet wraps
  - Proactive TCS or TCI to prevent flares

Consider referral to a pediatric dermatologist if patient is not improving.

### Treating patients with severe atopic dermatitis\*

Emollient (daily) + Avoid triggers + Address pruritus

- + 1 or more of the following:
- Topical corticosteroid (TCS)
- Topical calcineurin inhibitor (TCI)
- + 1 or more of the following:
- Wet wraps
- Proactive TCS or TCI to prevent flares

### Refer to a pediatric dermatologist.

Treatment options include the following:

- Phototherapy\*
- Cyclosporine (off-label)
- Dupilumab (>6 months)
- Methotrexate (off-label)
- Upadacitinib (> 12 years)

<sup>\*</sup> Patients requiring phototherapy or with severe atopic dermatitis should be referred to a pediatric dermatologist or pediatric allergy-immunology specialist.